

Part I: Grammar

1. Fajar gave the plants _____ the table some water.

(a) on (c) in
(b) at (d) to

2. I have so much homework to do. _____, I'd rather go to the beach.

(a) In addition (c) Moreover
(b) However (d) Also

3. He walked into the room _____ so he wouldn't wake the baby.

(a) quiet (c) quieter
(b) quietly (d) quietest

4. All my friends who _____ coffee last night couldn't sleep afterwards.

(a) drink (c) drank
(b) drunk (d) drinks

5. Sana'a and Eman will go with their little brother when he _____ the dentist.

(a) has visited (c) is visiting
(b) visited (d) visits

6. Haitham doesn't have _____ book. He left it at home.

(a) its (c) his
(b) theirs (d) him

7. Even though he felt he didn't deserve it, he _____ the prize.

(a) accept (c) accepted
(b) are accepting (d) was accepted

8. “_____ is Kareem?”
“He is feeling much better. Thanks for asking.”

(a) How (c) Who
(b) Where (d) What

9. Mona _____ received the painting although she paid for it in full.

(a) ever (c) yet
(b) still (d) never

10. Dalal visits Mr al Shammayy, _____ father's friend, at Amiri Hospital every Tuesday.

(a) he (c) his
(b) she (d) her

11. The story of what happened to _____ family in Turkey is in all the newspapers.

(a) theirs (c) there
(b) they're (d) their

12. Kawther bought me _____ new trousers which I like very much.

(a) a (c) some
(b) any (d) other

13. Please send this letter to the woman _____ daughter won the competition.

(a) who (c) whom
(b) which (d) whose

14. Have you ever heard such a _____ story?

(a) sad (c) sadder
(b) saddest (d) more sad

15. How _____ you like to pay, Sir? Cash or credit card?

(a) can (c) may
(b) will (d) would

16. Please do not bother your grandmother. She _____ the match.

(a) had been watching (c) has been watching
(b) was watching (d) is watching

17. During the surgery, the doctor must make sure that the tumor _____ out.

(a) had cut (c) is cutting
(b) has cut (d) is cut

18. Our players _____ more confident since we got a new coach.

(a) have	(c) had
(b) was	(d) are

19. A new shopping center _____ soon be opened near the campus.

(a) will	(c) was
(b) has	(d) is

20. Adnan has just bought his ticket. He _____ soon.

(a) left	(c) leave
(b) is leaving	(d) has left

21. Where's Ibtihal? She is working _____ the kitchen.

(a) at	(c) for
(b) on	(d) in

22. Who has _____ all the ice cream?

(a) ate	(c) eat
(b) eaten	(d) eats

23. My brother has been watching TV since he _____ up.

(a) gets	(c) is getting
(b) got	(d) has got

24. As soon as there's an opportunity, I _____ for a long walk.

(a) am going	(c) have gone
(b) went	(d) go

25. Mubarak _____ a headache for the last two days.

(a) is having	(c) had
(b) has had	(d) have

26. If my aunt had had more time, she _____ the cake herself.

(a) would make	(c) made
(b) would have made	(d) will be making

27. Hani has been working on this project since _____.

(a) two weeks	(c) next month
(b) he arrived	(d) he finishes

28. No one _____ heard the news; we should tell everyone quickly.

(a) having	(c) have
(b) had	(d) has

29. We lost the match _____ Abdullah missed the goal.

(a) if	(c) so
(b) because	(d) although

30. _____ the plumber fixed the broken pipe, they had no running water in the kitchen.

(a) Since	(c) Until
(b) Yet	(d) For

31. When we go camping in the winter, we _____ around the fire every night.

(a) sung	(c) singing
(b) sang	(d) sing

32. After _____ that Father was home from abroad, we rushed to meet him.

(a) hear	(c) was heard
(b) being heard	(d) hearing

33. The table _____ with lots of candles and flowers for Jennifer's dinner party.

(a) set	(c) is set
(b) is setting	(d) sets

34. Khalil was excused from class because he _____ to see the doctor.

(a) must	(c) should
(b) had	(d) can

35. Our exam was the next morning, _____ we all went to bed early.

(a) for	(c) but
(b) so	(d) nor

Part II: Vocabulary

36. The passenger does not need to _____ her booking after paying for her ticket.

(a) confirm (c) book
(b) cancel (d) enter

37. I am surprised that you can _____ these heavy boxes up the stairs.

(a) carry (c) collect
(b) choose (d) chase

38. This dish is _____ of Southern Italy.

(a) descriptive (c) characteristic
(b) enthusiastic (d) communicative

39. A/An _____ has expert knowledge of the design and structure of buildings.

(a) calligrapher (c) biologist
(b) architect (d) ecologist

40. To which _____ does this plant belong?

(a) generation (c) evolution
(b) culture (d) species

41. Health workers believed that the disease would become a/an _____.

(a) epidemic (c) vaccine
(b) care (d) immunity

42. Everyone had left the building before the bomb was _____.

(a) detected (c) generated
(b) derived (d) prevented

43. If your shirt is too _____, try losing weight instead of getting a bigger size.

(a) clumsy (c) tight
(b) pushy (d) rigid

44. Amira goes to school _____ the bus.

(a) up (c) over
(b) on (d) by

45. I only got a/an _____ view of the man. He ran by so fast!

(a) empty	(c) brief
(b) difficult	(d) enormous

46. We don't like him because he is always _____.

(a) boasting	(c) boiling
(b) blowing	(d) bloating

47. _____ are made from small pieces of fabric that are stitched together into patterns.

(a) Quilts	(c) Vessels
(b) Gadgets	(d) Marbles

48. The following day, the local _____ printed pictures of the parade.

(a) newspaper	(c) catalogue
(b) document	(d) brochure

49. You may get a/an _____ if you don't wash your hands regularly.

(a) infection	(c) cerebellum
(b) enzyme	(d) antiseptic

50. People who are _____ ask many questions and read a lot.

(a) shy	(c) harmful
(b) curious	(d) foolish

51. The extremely loud sound in the mountains caused a/an _____.

(a) avalanche	(c) tsunami
(b) whirlpool	(d) flood

52. The tourists are _____. They don't know where the sights are or how to get to them.

(a) crowded	(c) creative
(b) complex	(d) confused

53. During times of war, populations usually _____.

(a) dissolve	(c) exist
(b) decline	(d) grow

54. The gardener dug _____ to plant the flowers.

(a) hills (c) spades
(b) holes (d) forests

55. He drove very slowly because there were so many _____ in the road.

(a) crops (c) caves
(b) bumps (d) rivers

56. An _____ is trained for many years to travel and work in a spacecraft.

(a) astronomer (c) advisor
(b) ancestor (d) astronaut

57. We cannot play tennis without _____.

(a) goggles (c) volleyballs
(b) bats (d) rackets

58. After Bashayer fell down the stairs, a purple _____ appeared on her forehead.

(a) buzz (c) bend
(b) bruise (d) burn

59. The university formed a _____ to discuss the students' demands.

(a) couple (c) crew
(b) caravan (d) council

60. The desert _____ is protected in the nature reserves of Kuwait.

(a) horizon (c) hurricane
(b) hygiene (d) habitat

61. On the morning of the celebrations, the children were very _____.

(a) extinct (c) exciting
(b) expensive (d) excited

62. Early explorers _____ without maps.

(a) repaired (c) needed
(b) rejoiced (d) navigated

63. Our garden needed some shade, so we planted some _____.

(a) grass	(c) clouds
(b) trees	(d) water

64. Hussein will be lucky if he wins the race because there is a lot of
_____.

(a) consideration	(c) composition
(b) connection	(d) competition

65. I felt terrible when I _____ my mother's favorite vase.

(a) fell	(c) injured
(b) dropped	(d) caught

66. Majed was not _____ with the city, so he bought a guide-book.

(a) familiar	(c) faithful
(b) flexible	(d) forceful

67. It's a good idea to _____ books from the library instead of buying them.

(a) owe	(c) borrow
(b) loan	(d) pay

68. Bread is usually made from _____.

(a) flour	(c) floor
(b) flower	(d) fluid

69. The students are _____ disturbed and stop listening if someone comes in late.

(a) preferably	(c) easily
(b) fortunately	(d) exactly

70. It's amazing. The new paint has completely _____ the room.

(a) transported	(c) transformed
(b) translated	(d) transplanted

Part III: Reading Comprehension

In the spring of 1800, French general Napoleon Bonaparte was preparing to lead an army into Italy. His officers warned him that the Alps were not **passable** at that time of year and told him to wait, even though waiting would ruin their chance for success.

The general boldly replied to them, “For Napoleon’s army, there shall be no Alps.”

Riding a mule, Napoleon personally led his troops through the mountains and past many obstacles. With his men, he caught the enemy by surprise and defeated **them**.

71. What are the Alps?

(a) troops	(c) chances
(b) officers	(d) mountains

72. In paragraph 1, the word **passable** means _____ to get through.

(a) able	(c) possible
(b) ready	(d) difficult

73. In paragraph 3, the word **them** refers to _____.

(a) troops	(c) enemy
(b) officers	(d) men

74. How did Napoleon defeat the Italians with his army?

(a) He waited for them.	(c) He rode a mule.
(b) He warned them.	(d) He surprised them.

75. What did Napoleon mean when he said, “For Napoleon’s army, there shall be no Alps”?

(a) The Alps did not really exist.
(b) The Alps were very small.
(c) The Alps would be destroyed.
(d) The Alps were nothing to fear.

People became fascinated with tea in ancient China more than 5,000 years ago. According to legend, the skilled emperor Shen Nung, who was a scientist, ordered all drinking water to be boiled for hygienic reasons. One day, his servants were boiling water for him when dried leaves from a nearby bush fell into the pot. The **mixture** created a greenish liquid. Shen Nung was interested in what had happened. He drank some of the strange liquid and found it refreshing.

Today, tea is the most popular drink in the world. More tea is drunk than coffee, chocolate, and soft drinks combined. Most tea is produced in India or Sri Lanka on large plantations, or farms. India, as a nation, consumes the most tea in the world. However, on average, Indians do not drink as much tea as people in some other countries. In fact, Turks consume the most tea, about 2.5 kilograms per person per year.

76. We can conclude that Shen Nung ordered the boiling of all water because he wanted to _____.

(a) make tea	(c) prevent sickness
(b) clean leaves	(d) conduct experiments

77. Paragraph 1 is mainly about _____.

(a) the emperor Shen Nung	(c) tea-drinking statistics
(b) tea, past and present	(d) the discovery of tea

78. In paragraph 1, **mixture** means _____.

(a) combination	(c) refreshment
(b) color	(d) bush

79. When Shen Nung saw the water with boiled leaves, he _____.

(a) felt strange	(c) was angry
(b) hated the drink	(d) noticed the color

80. According to the passage, which of the following sentences is true?

- (a) More coffee and soft drinks are drunk than tea.
- (b) Tea grows on plantations in India and Sri Lanka.
- (c) Most of the world's tea is drunk in Turkey.
- (d) On average, an Indian drinks more tea than a Turk.

11 January 2001
Letter to the Editor
Los Angeles Times

I am the founder of The Cancer Cure Foundation that for 26 years has been gathering information on alternative cancer treatments from around the world.

I strongly disagree with the views of Barrie Cassileth in the article, "Laetrile by Any Other Name Is Still Bogus," which appeared in your newspaper on January 1, 2001. Statistics show that Laetrile is among the best treatments for cancer. It does not work 100% of the time (What therapy does?), but our studies show that Laetrile is much more effective than radiation or chemotherapy.

Medicine is losing the fight against cancer. After decades of research on which billions of dollars have been spent, cancer is even more common. After heart disease, cancer is the leading cause of death in the United States.

The Cancer Cure Foundation offers free information on over 100 alternative cancer therapies. Laetrile is just one of them. Your readers are invited to visit our website, www.cancure.org, or to call me personally at (800) 282-2873.

Sincerely,

G. Edward Griffin

81. The article "Laetrile by Any Other Name Is Still Bogus" was written by _____.

(a)	the publishers	(c)	the editor
(b)	G. Edward Griffin	(d)	Barrie Cassileth

82. It can be inferred that Laetrile is a/an _____.

(a)	organization	(c)	disease
(b)	newspaper article	(d)	medicine

83. According to the writer, cancer is _____.

(a)	the leading cause of death in the US
(b)	on the increase
(c)	one of the causes of heart disease
(d)	less widespread

84. Which of these statements about The Cancer Cure Foundation is false?

(a)	It advises people about heart disease.
(b)	It was founded by G. Edward Griffin.
(c)	It offers free information.
(d)	It collects information.

85. This letter expresses _____.

(a)	congratulations	(c)	dismissal
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إجابات اختبار اللغة الإنجليزية

Q's#	Answers								
1 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	19 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	37 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	55 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	73 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
2 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	20 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	38 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	56 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	74 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
3 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	21 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	39 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	57 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	75 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
4 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	22 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	40 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	58 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	76 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
5 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	23 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	41 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	59 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	77 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
6 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	24 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	42 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	60 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	78 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
7 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	25 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	43 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	61 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	79 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
8 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	26 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	44 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	62 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	80 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
9 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	27 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	45 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	63 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	81 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
10 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	28 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	46 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	64 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	82 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
11 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	29 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	47 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	65 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	83 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
12 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	30 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	48 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	66 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	84 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
13 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	31 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	49 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	67 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	85 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
14 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	32 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	50 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	68 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)		
15 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	33 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	51 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	69 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)		
16 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	34 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	52 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	70 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)		
17 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	35 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	53 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	71 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)		
18 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	36 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	54 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	72 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)		

إجابات اختبار الرياضيات

Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers
1 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	6 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	11 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	16 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
2 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	7 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	12 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	17 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
3 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	8 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	13 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	18 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
4 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	9 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	14 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	19 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
5 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	10 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	15 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	20 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)

إجابات اختبار الكيمياء

Q's#	Answers								
1 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	6 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	11 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	16 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	21 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
2 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	7 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	12 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	17 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	22 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
3 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	8 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	13 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	18 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	23 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
4 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	9 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	14 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	19 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	24 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
5 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	10 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	15 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	20 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	25 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)

إجابات اختبار اللغة العربية

Q's#	Answers										
1 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	11 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	21 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	31 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	41 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	51 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
2 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	12 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	22 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	32 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	42 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	52 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
3 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	13 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	23 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	33 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	43 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	53 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
4 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	14 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	24 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	34 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	44 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	54 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
5 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	15 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	25 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	35 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	45 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	55 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
6 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	16 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	26 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	36 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	46 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	56 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
7 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	17 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	27 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	37 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	47 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	57 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
8 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	18 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	28 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	38 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	48 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	58 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
9 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	19 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	29 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	39 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	49 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	59 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)
10 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	20 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	30 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	40 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	50 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)	60 -	(A) (B) (C) (D)